-- As seen in Fig. 9 the discharge sheath 27 is located in the vessel "V" partially blocking the vessel. As a consequence the blood in the vessel leak past the sheath 27 and flow out to ambient pressure through the discharge lumen 20.--

## In the Claims

7. A method of removing particulate debris from a vessel using a catheter assembly the method comprising:

inserting and advancing a sheath having a discharge lumen to a location in the vessel said delivery sheath discharge lumen coupled to a collection vessel, said sheath not having an occlusion balloon thereon such that said sheath partially blocks the vessel but allowing some blood flow in the vessel;

inserting and advancing an interventional device to a treatment location, said interventional device of type having;

an angioplasty therapy balloon for delivering angioplasty treatment, said therapy balloon substantially completely occluding said vessel during the delivery of therapy;

a gap for introducing a primary fluid flow in said vessel, said gap located distal of said therapy balloon;

injecting fluid out of said gap to promote retrograde flow into said discharge lumen.

- 8. The method of claim 18 wherein said moving step begins near said occlusion and ends after the interventional device enters the delivery sheath.
- 9. The method of claim 7 wherein said fluid is injected at a first injection pressure above the blood pressure in the vessel and expands to a second exhaust pressure in said delivery catheter where said exhaust pressure is above said blood pressure, establishing a pressure gradient in said discharge lumen and promoting flow from said gap to said discharge lumen.
- 18. The method of claim 7 wherein said injection is carried out while moving said interventional device in said vessel with respect to said delivery sheath.

19. The method of claim 7 wherein said discharge lumen is coupled to a syringe collection chamber.

- 20. The method of claim 7 wherein said discharge lumen is coupled to a syringe vacuum chamber.
- 21. The method of claim 7 wherein said primary fluid is supplied by a supply syringe chamber.
- 22. The method of claim 21 wherein the fluid supplied is a thrombolytic.
- 23. The method of claim 21 wherein the fluid supplied is saline.
- 24. The method of claim 21 wherein the fluid supplied is contrast agent.
- 27. The method of claim 7 wherein said primary fluid is supplied by a supply syringe chamber and said discharge lumen is coupled to a syringe vacuum chamber, and said supply syringe and vacuum syringe are operated together to couple fluid supply with discharge lumen collection.
- 28. A method of removing particulate debris from a vessel using a catheter assembly the method comprising:

inserting and advancing a sheath having a discharge lumen to a location in the vessel said delivery sheath discharge lumen coupled to a collection vessel; said sheath not having an occlusion balloon thereon such that said sheath partially blocks the vessel but allowing some blood flow in the vessel;

inserting and advancing an interventional device to a treatment location, said interventional device of type having;

a stent deployment therapy balloon for delivering stent treatment said therapy balloon substantially completely occluding said vessel during the delivery of therapy;